Material Safety Data Sheet



Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish

Supplier : Betco Corporation

1001 Brown Avenue Toledo, Ohio 43607 (800) 333-2156

Manufacturer : Betco Corporation

1001 Brown Avenue Toledo, Ohio 43607

 Code
 : 065

 MSDS #
 : 065

 Validation date
 : 8/16/2012.

 Print date
 : 8/16/2012.

In case of emergency : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

Product type : Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Clear.

Odor : Characteristic.
Signal word : CAUTION!

Hazard statements : MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON

ANIMAL DATA.

Precautionary measures: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.Skin: Slightly irritating to the skin.Eyes: Moderately irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

exposure

Chronic effects: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: heart, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Medical conditions : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

aggravated by over
isk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish

2. Hazards identification

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	10 - 20
Petroleum gases, liquefied	68476-85-7	5 - 10
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	5989-27-5	5 - 10
Silicone L-45	63148-62-9	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of

water.

Skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical Ingestion

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Not suitable

Suitable Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

None known.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).	
Petroleum gases, liquefied	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. <1 hours (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: safety glasses

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)

DO

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Clear.

Odor : Characteristic.

Relative density : <1

Dispersibility properties

Very slightly dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Aerosol product

Solubility

Type of aerosol : Spray

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary :

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 Percent	-
Silicone L-45	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
White mineral oil (petroleum)	A4	-	-	-	-	-
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	-	3	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Acute EC50 421 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute EC50 688 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - 34 days - 19.1 mm - 0.085 g	96 hours
Silicone L-45	Acute LC50 44500 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar - 1 to 48 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3160 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary
Persistence/degradability

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not available.	Consumer commodity ORM-D	2.2	-		-
TDG Classification	Not available.	Consumer commodity ORM-D	2.2	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not available.	Consumer commodity ORM-D	2.2	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not available.	Not available.	2	-	¥2>	-
IMDG Class	Not available.	Not available Marine pollutant	2.2	-	¥2>	-

Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish						
14. Transport information						
IATA-DGR Class	Not available.	Not available.	2.2	-	***	-

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Irritating material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Silicone L-45

TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: Silicone L-45

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Petroleum gases, liquefied; (R)-p-

mentha-1,8-diene

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Petroleum gases, liquefied: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-

diene: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (L.P.G.)

: None of the components are listed. **New York**

New Jersey : The following components are listed: LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS; L.P.G **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

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15. Regulatory information

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule
III Chemicals

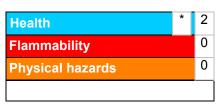
Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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